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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/772,823	02/05/2004	Simon Mawson	2000U042D1-CON2	5967
7590 09/09/2004			EXAMINER	
Univation Technologies, LLC Suite 1950 5555 San Felipe			CHEUNG, WILLIAM K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Houston, TX	77056		1713	
			DATE MAILED: 09/09/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/772,823	MAWSON ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		William K Cheung	1713			
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a lead of this will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e. cause the application to become AF	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication.			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 F	ehruary 2004				
	2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)						
	closed in accordance with the practice under the					
Disposit	ion of Claims	-				
	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	with from consideration.				
	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
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	ion Papers	· oloolon roquilonioni.				
	The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) dojected to I	by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
44)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)[_]	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents		119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		oplication No.			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been				
* 0	application from the International Bureau					
~ 5	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not r	received.			
Attachment	(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 Intonio O	ummary (PTO-413)			
2) 🔲 Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)	/Mail Date			
3) 🔀 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date <u>0205</u> .	5) D Notice of Inf	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
. Patent and Tra		6) Other:				
OL-326 (Re		tion Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 090704			

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DETAILED ACTION

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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3. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Brady, III et al. (US 5,317,036).

The invention of claims 1-15 relates to a neat polymer comprising a unprocessed, untreated granular bimodal polyolefin comprising ethylene derived units and C_4 to C_{12} a-olefin derived units; wherein sieved neat polymer fractions obtained from 35, 60 and 120 mesh sieve sizes have I_2 values that are within 40% of one another.

Brady, III et al. (Figure 1, components 50, 60, 45, 43, 62, 46; col. 8, line 32-50; col. 23, line 50 to col. 31, line 25) disclose polymers prepared by a gas phase polymerization process of using a reactor with installed components that can be used to continuously mix catalyst components that are in liquid form. Brady, III et al. (col. 11, line 8 to col. 20, line 6) disclose metallocene based catalyst system that is substantially similar to the catalyst system used for preparing the polymer product of claims1-15. Further, Brady, III et al. (col. 23, examples 1-25) clearly indicates polymerization which involves monomers meeting the claimed "ethylene derived units and C4 to C12 a-olefin derived units". Therefore, in view of substantially identical monomeric compositions and substantially similar catalyst system between the claimed invention and the disclosure of Brady, III et al., the examiner has a reasonable basis to believe that the density, molecular weight properties of the polymers, the sieved neat polymer fractions obtained from specific mesh sieve sizes having a specific I2 values, or bimodal polymers being

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claimed are inherently possessed by the disclosure to Brady, III et al. Since the PTO does not have proper means to conduct experiments, the burden of proof is now shifted to applicants to show otherwise. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977); In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980).

Regarding the claimed "unprocessed, untreated granular bimodal polyolefin" feature, applicants must recognize that in view of MPEP-2113, "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

Regarding claims 13-15 which incorporated additional processing limitations, applicants must recognize that in view of MPEP-2113, "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William K Cheung whose telephone number is (571) 272-1097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00AM to 2:00PM; 4:00PM to 8:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David WU can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William K. Cheung

Primary Patent Examiner

September 7, 2004

WILLIAM K. CHEUNG PRIMARY EXAMINER